# MORETELE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY



# FINAL CREDIT CONTROL & DEBT COLLECTION POLICY

# FINANCIAL YEAR 2025-2026

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#### PRE-AMBLE

The Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), Act 56 of 2003, aims to modernise budget and financial management practices in municipalities in order to maximise the capacity of a municipality to deliver services to all residents, customers and users. It also gives effect to the principle of transparency as required by sections 215 and 216 of the Constitution. The Council of the municipality, in adopting this policy on credit control and debt Collection, recognizes its constitutional obligations as set out in Chapter 7 of the Constitution and Chapter 9 of the Municipal Systems Act, Act No. 32 of 2000, to Develop the local economy and to provide acceptable services to its residents. It Simultaneously acknowledges that it cannot fulfill these constitutional obligations Unless it exacts payment for the services which it provides and for the taxes which it legitimately levies in full from those residents who can afford to pay, and in accordance with its indigence relief measures for those who have registered as indigents in terms of the Council's approved indigence management policy

- a) This is a mandatory policy in terms of Section 96 of the Municipal Systems Act and it is also a budget-related policy in terms of the definition of such policies in Section 1 of the MFMA. This policy must therefore be reviewed, and revised if necessary, as part of each annual budget process.
- b) The accounting officer (municipal manager) is charged with the responsibility for managing the revenues of the municipality (Section 64 of the MFMA), and the municipal manager is therefore responsible for the implementation and administration of this policy. Section 100 of the Municipal Systems Act in fact specifically assigns the legal responsibility for implementing this policy to the municipal manager (see Part 17 of the policy).
- c) In terms of Section 98 of the Municipal Systems Act the council must adopt by-laws to give effect to this policy.

### DEFINITIONS

All material technical terms are defined in each appropriate section of this policy.

# PART 1 OBJECTIVE: CONSTITUTIONAL OBLIGATIONS

1. The council of the municipality, in adopting this policy on credit control and debt collection, recognises its constitutional obligations to develop the local economy and to provide acceptable services to its residents. This is required in terms of MFMA section 64 (2)(a) and MSA 75A(b). It simultaneously acknowledges that it cannot fulfil these constitutional obligations unless it exacts payment for the services which it provides and for the taxes which it legitimately levies – in full from those residents who can afford to pay, and in accordance with its indigence relief measures for those who have registered as indigents in terms of the council's approved indigent management policy.

# PART 2 EXPECTED FUTURE PAYMENT LEVELS

- 2.1. To promulgate credit control and debt collection by-laws which deal stringently with defaulters, but at the same time through the formal political structures of the municipality, and in the administration's general dealings with the public
- 2.2. to make the community aware of its legal obligations towards the municipality
- 2.3. To emphasize the negative consequences for all of non-payment. The municipality's ward committees are particularly charged with this responsibility.

# PART 3 NOTICE OF DEFAULT AND INTENDED TERMINATION OR RESTRICTION OF SERVICES

3.1. Within 7 (seven) calendar days after each monthly due date for payment of municipal accounts for property rates and/or service charges, the municipal manager shall dispatch to every defaulting accountholder, that is, every accountholder who as at the date of the notice has not paid the monthly account in full or has not made an acceptable arrangement with the municipal manager for partial or late payment, a notice stating that unless full payment is received or an acceptable arrangement made with the municipal manager for partial or late payment, the municipal water supply to the property to which the account in arrears relates shall be terminated or restricted 14 (fourteen) calendar days after the date of the notice concerned.

3.2. If no water is provided by the municipality or its agent to the accountholder concerned, the municipal manager shall, after the expiry of twenty eight (28) calendar days after the date of the notice concerned, and provided the arrear account has not been settled or satisfactory arrangements made in terms of part 9 below, immediately proceed with the actions contemplated in part 8 below.

# PART 4 RECONNECTIONS OR RE-INSTATEMENT OF RESTRICTED SERVICES

4.1. Services to defaulting accountholders terminated or restricted in terms of part 3 above shall be reconnected or reinstated by the municipal manager only when all the following conditions have been met:

- 4.1.1. the arrear account has been paid in full, including the interest raised on such account; or an acceptable arrangement has been made with the municipal manager for the payment of the arrear account, including the interest raised on such account;
- 4.1.2. a service contract has been entered into with the municipality, as contemplated in part 10 below

# PART 5 PERIODS FOR RECONNECTIONS OR REINSTATEMENTS

5.1. The municipal manager shall reconnect or reinstate terminated or restricted services within 24 hours after the date on which the conditions set out in part 4 have been met, unless the municipal manager is unable to do so because of circumstances beyond the control of the municipality. In the latter event the municipal manager shall promptly inform the mayor and the client of such circumstances and of any actions required to overcome the circumstances concerned.

# PART 6 ILLEGAL RECONNECTIONS

6.1. The municipal manager shall, as soon as it comes to the notice of the municipal manager that any terminated or restricted service has been irregularly reconnected or reinstated, report such action to the South African Police Service, disconnect or restrict such service(s), and not reconnect or reinstate such service(s) until the arrear account, including the interest raised on such account, the charges for the notice sent in terms of part 3 and the charges for both the

original and subsequent reconnection or reinstatement of the service(s) together with such penalty as may be determined by the council from time to time. In addition, all metered consumption since the date of the illegal reconnection, or the estimated consumption if a reliable meter reading is not possible, shall also be paid in full before any reconnection or reinstatement is considered.

### PART 7 RESTRICTIONS OF SERVICES

7.1. If the municipal manager is of the opinion that the termination of services, in the case of a particular property in respect of which the account is in arrear, is not in the best interests of the community – specifically because of the potential endangerment of the life of any person, whether resident in or outside the property concerned.

7.2. the municipal manager may appropriately restrict rather than terminate the services in question.

# PART 8 SERVICES NOT RECONNECTED OR RE-INSTATED AFTER TWO WEEKS

8.1. If services have been terminated or restricted in the case of a property in respect of which the account is in arrear, and the accountholder has not paid such arrears, including the interest raised on such account, or made an acceptable arrangement with the municipal manager for the payment of the arrear account, including the interest raised on such account, within a period of twenty eight (28) calendar days after the date of termination or restriction of the service(s) concerned, the municipal manager shall forthwith hand such account over for collection and such further action as is deemed necessary to the municipality's attorneys or any debt collecting agency appointed by the council.

# PART 9 ARRANGEMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF ARREAR ACCOUNTS

### 9.1 Arrangements for Payment of Normal Consumer Accounts

9.1.1. Allowing defaulting accountholders to make arrangements for the payment of arrear accounts shall be at the discretion of the municipal manager or delegated municipal official. A deposit of 25% or 50% on the outstanding balance shall be paid prior to the arrangement.

9.1.2. Each defaulting accountholder shall be allowed to make a payment to pay an arrear account, together with the interest raised on such account, and it shall be a condition for the conclusion of any arrangement that the accountholder is bound to pay every month.

9.1.3. If an accountholder breaches any material term of an arrangement, the balance of the arrear account, if the accountholder defaults on such payment, the municipal manager shall terminate or restrict water services to the property in question (if such services are provided by the municipality or its agent) and shall forthwith hand such account over for collection as envisaged in part 8.

9.1.4. An accountholder who has breached an arrangement as set out above shall not be allowed to make any further arrangements for the payment of arrear accounts, but shall be proceeded against, after the dispatch of the initial notice of default as envisaged in part 3 and failure by the accountholder to pay the arrear account, together with interest raised on such arrears as required in terms of such notice, as though such accountholder had breached a material term of an arrangement.

### 9.2 Arrangement with Municipality Officials For The Payment Of Their Accounts

9.2.1. All accounts for the municipality officials and employees may not be in arrears for longer than 3 months (Municipal Systems Act Schedule 2(10) and Schedule 1(12A)). Where a municipality staff member is in arrears for a period longer than three months, an arrangement will be made to deduct the outstanding amount from the salary of the staff member in total or in regular monthly amounts that may be agreed on. Special incentives to encourage the municipality staff to enter into such arrangements for payment of outstanding amounts will be offered on discretion of the CFO.

9.2.2. All councillors or ward committees shall not leave their accounts to be in arrears for longer than 3 (three) months. Arrangement should be made with the municipality to pay accounts that are in arrears.

# PART 10 SERVICE CONTRACT

10.1. A service contract shall henceforth be entered into with the municipality for each property to which the municipality is expected to provide all or any of the following services:

- i. water
- ii. refuse collection.
- iii. sewerage.

10.2. Such contract shall set out the conditions on which services are provided and shall require the signatory to note the contents of the municipality's credit control and debt collection policy, a copy of which shall be provided to such signatory, as well as the provision of the Municipal Systems Act in regard to the municipality's right of access to property.

10.3. Where the signatory is not the owner of the property to which the services are to be provided on request, a properly executed letter from such owner indicating that the signatory is the lawful occupant of the property shall be attached to the service contract.

10.4. Current consumers and users of the municipality's services who have not entered into a service contract as envisaged above, must do so within 2 years from the date on which the bylaws to implement the present policy are published, and failure to do so shall be considered as a default equivalent to non-payment in terms of part 3 above.

# PART 11 PAYMENTS OF DEPOSITS

11.1. Council shall not charge a service connection deposit under the tribal land households. Council will review the determination of connections deposit annually.

11.2. The council shall charge yard connections as per the approve tariff schedule annually.

# PART 12 ALLOCATIONS OF PART-PAYMENTS

12.1. If an accountholder pays only part of any municipal account due, the municipal manager shall allocate such payment with the following steps:

- 12.1.1. to any unpaid charges levied by the municipality in respect of unacceptable cheques, notices, legal expenses and reconnections or reinstatements of services in respect of the account or property concerned;
- 12.1.2. to any unpaid interest raised on the account;
- 12.1.3. to any unpaid sewerage charges;
- 12.1.4. to any unpaid refuse collection charges;
- 12.1.5. to any unpaid property rates; and
- 12.1.6. to any unpaid water charges.
- 12.2. This sequence of allocation shall be followed notwithstanding any instructions to the contrary given by the accountholder.

# PART 13 QUERIES BY ACCOUNTHOLDERS

13.1. In the event of an accountholder reasonably querying any item or items on the monthly municipal account, no action shall be taken against the accountholder as contemplated in part 3 provided the accountholder has paid by due date an amount equal to the monthly average monetary value of the three most recent unqueried accounts in respect of the service under query, as well as all unqueried balances on such account, and provided further such query is made in writing by the accountholder or is recorded in writing by the municipal manager on behalf of the accountholder on or before the due date for the payment of the relevant account. Any query raised by an accountholder in the circumstances contemplated in part 14 below shall not constitute a reasonable query for the purposes of the present paragraph.

### PART 14 INABILITY TO READ METERS

### 14.1. Metered household

14.1.1. If the municipality is unable to read any meter on any property because the meter has been rendered inaccessible the municipal manager shall estimate the consumption of the service based on the historic consumption.

# 14.2. Unmetered -Flat-rate

14.2.1 The municipal council will apply flat- rate tariff for water where metering infrastructure is unavailable, unreliable, or not sufficiently budgeted for to instal meters.

14.2.2 The flat-rate tariff will be determined annually as part of the budget and tariff schedule approval process based on ;

- i. Average historical consumption
- ii. Affordability level in the community
- iii. Cost of service provisions
- iv. Alignment with the principal of equity and indigent support.

14.2.3. Consumer on flat rate will be periodically assessed for possible migration to metered billing where infrastructure allows.

# PART 16 DELEGATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES BY MUNICIPAL MANAGER

16.1. The municipal manager, including any person acting in such capacity, shall be responsible to the council for the implementation of this policy and its attendant by-laws but – without in so doing being divested of such responsibility – may delegate in writing all or any of the duties and responsibilities referred to in these by-laws to any other official or officials of the municipality, and may from time to time in writing amend or withdraw such delegation(s).

# PART 17 ROLE OF MUNICIPAL MANAGER

17.1. Section 100 of the Municipal Systems Act 2000 (see part 24 below) clearly assigns the legal responsibility for implementing the credit control and debt collection policies and by-laws to the municipal manager.

17.2. The municipal manager will therefore have to ensure that a proper internal reporting structure is established and consistently implemented so that the day-to-day actions of and results from the credit control and debt collection programme are properly monitored and supervised.

17.3. The municipal manager shall report monthly to the mayor and the executive committee, and quarterly to the council on the actions taken in terms of the by-laws, and on the payment levels for the periods concerned. Such reports shall, as soon as practicably possible, provide the required information both in aggregate and by municipal ward.

17.4.In addition, such monthly and quarterly reports shall indicate any administrative shortcomings, the measures taken or recommended to address such shortcomings, and any actions by councillors which could reasonably be interpreted as constituting interference in the application of the by-laws.

17.5.Notwithstanding all the foregoing references to the accountability of the municipal manager in regard to these by-laws, it is incumbent on all the officials of the municipality, certainly all those who are at management level, as well as more junior officials who are directly or indirectly involved with the community and the municipality's general customer relations, to promote and support both this credit control and debt collection policy and the application of the attendant by-laws. The responsibilities of all officials include reporting to the municipal manager any evident breaches of these by-laws, whether by members of the community, other officials or councillors of the municipality.

# PART 18 ROLE OF COUNCILLORS

18.1. Section 99 of the Systems Act 2000 places the important legal responsibility on the mayor and executive committee, of monitoring and supervising the application of the present policy and the attendant by-laws, and of reporting to the council on the extent and success of credit control actions.

18.2. The municipality's ward committees must also be actively involved in implementing the credit control and debt collection programme and must therefore receive monthly reports on the status of the municipal manager's credit control actions. The ward committees must also actively promote the present policy and ensure at the same time that the municipality's customer relations are of a standard acceptable to the community.

18.3. In order to maintain the credibility of the municipality in the implementation of the present policy and the attendant by-laws, it is essential that councillors lead by example. Councillors, by adopting this policy, therefore pledge, not only their unqualified support for the policy, but their commitment to ensuring that their own accounts will at no stage fall into arrears (MSA schedule 1(12A)).

# PART 19 INTEREST ON ARREARS AND OTHER PENALTY CHARGES

19.1. The due date for all municipal accounts is the 7<sup>th</sup> day of every month.

19.2. Interest shall be charged on all arrear accounts at a rate 3% per annum , not compounded.

19.3. In considering each annual budget the council shall review the adequacy of its interest charges, and shall determine the following for the financial year concerned:

- 19.3.1. charges for disconnection or restriction of services (part 3)
- 19.3.2. charges for reconnection or reinstatement of services (part 4)
- 19.3.3. charges for notices of default (part 3)
- 19.3.4. penalty charges for illegal reconnections (part 6)
- 19.3.5. penalty charges for dishonoured cheques (part 15).

# PART 20 INDIGENCY MANAGEMENT

20.1. Where indigent household is on flat-rate, the free basic service will continue.

# PART 21 IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS

21.1. The effective implementation of the present policy also implies a realistic review of the municipality's debtor's book at the conclusion of each financial year.

a) The municipal manager shall as soon as possible after 30 June each year present to the council a report indicating the following For noting – details of the debts that was written off during the year ending 30 June under delegated authority, together with the reasons for the write offs, and

- b) For consideration details of any debt, not included under (a) above, which is believed to be irrecoverable, together with the reasons for this conclusion. The council shall then approve the write-off of such arrears, it if is satisfied with the reasons provided.
- c) The council shall then evaluate possible means of recovering all unpaid monies, thereafter they will approve the write off such arrears, it if is satisfied with the explanations provided.

# PART 22 ARREARS WHICH HAVE ARISEN PRIOR TO THE ADOPTION OF THE PRESENT POLICY

22.1. The council shall separately consider arrears which arose prior to the adoption of the present policy and shall advise accountholders of their respective obligations in regard to such arrears. In determining such obligations, the council shall have regard to the quantum of such arrears, to the period over which the default occurred, and to whether the accountholder concerned has registered as an indigent in terms of the municipality's policy on indigency management.

22.2. The council shall further consider an incentive scheme which will appropriately encourage accountholders to settle all or a stated percentage of these arrears.

# PART 23 BY-LAWS TO BE ADOPTED AND REVISION OF POLICY

23.1.By-laws shall be adopted to give effect to the council's credit control and debt collection policy.

23.2. The by-laws shall comply with the requirements of the Municipal Systems Act 2000, the Water Services Act 1997 and the Municipal Finance Management Act 2003.

23.3. The credit control and debt collection policy shall be reviewed by the council as part of the process of preparing each annual budget, and any amendments approved of in regard to such policy shall be consequentially affected in respect of the by-laws.

# PART 24 EXPECTED FUTURE PAYMENT LEVELS

24.1. In terms of the budgets approved by the council, and in accordance with commonly accepted best practice, this municipality aims to strive to its utmost ability to ensure that payment levels for the present and future financial years, in respect of all amounts legitimately owing to the municipality – that is, inclusive of the balance of the monthly accounts payable by registered indigents – are maintained at an annual average of at least 5%.

24.2. It is generally accepted by this council that payment levels averaging below 20% per month are untenable and are a certain forerunner of financial disaster for this municipality. Even with payment levels of 50% it means that the council will annually have to provide on its expenses budget a contribution to bad debts of above 50% of the aggregate revenues legitimately owing to this municipality – a contribution that is made at the direct cost of improved service delivery and developmental projects.

### PART 25 ANNEXURE: LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

25.1. It is essential for the protection of the municipality's interests that the provisions of particularly the Municipal Systems Act 2000 and the Property Rates Act 2004, in so far as they provide additional debt collection mechanisms for municipalities, be diligently enforced. At the same time, both the council and the administration must note the obligations which the municipality has towards the community in respect of customer care and relations.

25.2. For ease of reference a paraphrase of the relevant extracts from the Municipal Systems Act, specifically Sections 95 to 103 and Section 118, are therefore appended to this policy, as are Sections 28 and 29 of the Property Rates Act. The immediately relevant extracts from the Water Services Act 1997 and the Municipal Finance Management Act are also included in the annexure.

# PART 26 ANNEXURE PARAPHRASE OF LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

### SECTION I: WATER SERVICES ACT NO. 108 OF 1997

### SECTION 21: BY-LAWS

- a) The Act requires a municipality, in its capacity as water services authority, to make bylaws which contain conditions for the provision of water services and which provide for the following (inter-alia):
  - i. the standard of the services;

- the technical conditions of supply, including quality standards, units or standards of measurement, the verification of meters, acceptable limits of error and procedures for the arbitration of disputes relating to the measurement of water services provided;
- iii. the determination and structure of tariffs;
- iv. the payment and collection of moneys due for the water services consumed;
- v. the circumstances under which water services may be limited or discontinued and the procedure for such limitation or discontinuation; and
- vi. the prevention of unlawful connexions to water services works and the unlawful or wasteful use of water.

# SECTION II: LOCAL GOVERNMENT: MUNICIPAL SYSTEMS ACT NO. 32 OF 2000

# SECTION 95: CUSTOMER CARE AND MANAGEMENT

- A municipality must, in relation to the levying of rates and other taxes, and the charging of fees for municipal services, within its financial and administrative capacity, do the following:
  - establish a sound customer management system which aims to create a positive and reciprocal relationship between persons liable for these payments and the municipality itself or (where applicable) a service provider;
  - establish mechanisms for users of services and ratepayers to give feedback to the municipality or other service provider with regard to the quality of the services and the performance of the service provider;
  - iii. take reasonable steps to ensure that users of services are informed of the costs involved in service provision, the reasons for the payment of service fees, and the manner in which moneys raised from the service are utilised;
- where the consumption of services is measured, take reasonable steps to ensure that the consumption by individual consumers of services is measured through accurate and verifiable metering services;
- v. ensure that persons liable for payments receive regular and accurate accounts which indicate the basis for calculating the amounts due;
- vi. provide accessible mechanisms for those persons to query or verify accounts and metered consumption, as well as appeal procedures which allow such persons to receive prompt redress for inaccurate accounts;
- vii. provide accessible mechanisms for dealing with complaints from such persons, together with prompt replies and corrective action by the municipality;
- viii. provide mechanisms to monitor the response time and efficiency in complying with the aforementioned requirements; and
- ix. provide accessible pay points and other mechanisms for settling accounts or for making prepayments for services.

# SECTION 96: DEBT COLLECTION RESPONSIBILITY OF MUNICIPALITIES

a) A municipality must collect all moneys that are due and payable to it, subject to the requirements of the present Act and any other applicable legislation. For this purpose, the municipality must adopt, maintain and implement a credit control and debt collection policy which is consistent with its rates and tariff policies and which complies with the provisions of the present Act.

# SECTION 97: CONTENTS OF POLICY

- a) The municipality's credit control and debt collection policy must provide for all of the following:
  - i. credit control procedures and mechanisms;
  - ii. debt collection procedures and mechanisms;
  - iii. provision for indigent debtors in a manner consistent with its rates and tariff policies and any national policy on indigents;
- iv. realistic targets consistent with generally recognised accounting practices and collection ratios, and the estimates of income set in the budget less an acceptable provision for bad debts;
- v. interest on arrears (where appropriate);
- vi. extensions of time for payment of accounts;
- vii. termination of services or the restriction of the provision of services when payments are in arrears;
- viii. matters relating to unauthorised consumption of services, theft and damages; and
- ix. any other matters that may be prescribed by regulation in terms of the present Act.
- b) The municipality, within its discretionary powers, may differentiate in its credit control and debt collection policy between different categories of ratepayers, users of services, debtors, taxes, services, service standards and other matters, and, if so, must ensure that such differentiation does not amount to unfair discrimination.

# SECTION 98: BY-LAWS TO GIVE EFFECT TO POLICY

- a) The council of the municipality must adopt by-laws to give effect to the municipality's credit control and debt collection policy, its implementation and enforcement.
- b) Such by-laws may differentiate between different categories of ratepayers, users of services, debtors, taxes, services, service standards and other matters, and, if so, must ensure that such differentiation does not amount to unfair discrimination.

# SECTION 99: SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY

- a) A municipality's executive mayor or executive committee, as the case may be, or if the municipality does not have an executive committee or executive mayor – the council of the municipality itself, or a committee appointed by the council as the supervisory authority, must do all of the following:
  - oversee and monitor the implementation and enforcement of the municipality's credit control and debt collection policies and any by-laws enacted in terms of the foregoing requirements, and the performance of the municipal manager in implementing the policies and by-laws;
  - ii. where necessary, evaluate or review the policies and by-laws, and the implementation of such policies and by-laws, in order to improve the efficiency of its credit control and debt collection mechanisms, processes and procedures; and
  - iii. at such intervals as may be determined by the council, report to a meeting of the council, except when the council itself performs the duties of the supervisory authority.

# SECTION 100: IMPLEMENTING AUTHORITY

- a) The municipal manager, or where applicable the service provider must:
  - i. implement and enforce the municipality's credit control and debt collection policies and by-laws enacted in terms of the foregoing requirements;
  - in accordance with the credit control and debt policies and any by-laws, establish effective administrative mechanisms, processes and procedures to collect moneys due and payable to the municipality; and
- b) at such intervals as may be determined by the council, report the prescribed particulars to a meeting of the supervisory authority referred to previously.

# SECTION 101: MUNICIPALITY'S RIGHT OF ACCESS TO PREMISES

a) The occupier of premises in a municipality must give an authorised representative of the municipality or of a service provider access at all reasonable times to the premises in order to read, inspect, install or repair any meter or service connexion for reticulation, or to disconnect, stop or restrict the provision of any service.

# SECTION 102: ACCOUNTS

- a) Except where there is a dispute between the municipality and the person from whom the municipality has claimed any specific amount, a municipality may:
  - i. consolidate any separate account of such person;
  - ii. credit a payment by such person against any account of that person; and
  - iii. implement any of the debt collection and credit control measures provided for in the present Act in relation to any arrears on any of the accounts of such person.

#### SECTION 103: AGREEMENTS WITH EMPLOYEES

- a) A municipality may, within its discretionary powers, but with the consent of any person liable to the municipality for the payment of rates or other taxes or fees for municipal services, enter into an agreement with such person's employer to deduct from the salary or wages of such person any outstanding amounts due by such person to the municipality or such regular monthly amounts as may be agreed to.
- b) The municipality may further, within its discretionary powers, provide special incentives for employers to enter into such agreements and for employees to consent to such agreements.

# SECTION 118: RESTRAINT ON TRANSFER OF PROPERTY

- a) The registrar of deeds or any other registration officer of immovable property may not register the transfer of any property other than on the production to such registration officer of a prescribed certificate issued by the municipality in which such property is situated, and which certificate certifies that all amounts due in connexion with such property for municipal service fees, surcharges on fees, property rates and other municipal taxes, levies and duties during the two years preceding the date of application for the certificate have been fully paid.
- b) A municipality may recover, as far as is practicable, all amounts due to it for municipal service fees, surcharges on fees, property rates and other municipal taxes, levies and duties, in preference to any mortgage bonds registered against any property which is to be transferred.

# CODE OF CONDUCT FOR MUNICIPAL STAFF MEMBERS

a) Paragraph 10 of this Code of Conduct stipulates that if any staff member of a municipality is in arrears to the municipality for rates and service charges for a period longer than 3

months, the municipality may deduct any outstanding amounts from such staff member's salary after this period.

# CODE OF CONDUCT FOR COUNCILLORS

- a) Section 6A of this code requires councillors to pay all rates, tariffs, rents and other moneys due to the municipality promptly and diligently.
- b) The municipal manager is further required to notify the speaker of the council and the MEC for Local Government, in writing, whenever a councillor has been in arrears with any of these payments for a period exceeding 30 days.

# SECTION III: LOCAL GOVERNMENT: MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT NO. 56 OF 2003

# SECTION 64: REVENUE MANAGEMENT

- a) The accounting officer of the municipality is responsible for the management of the municipality's revenues, and must, for this purpose, take all reasonable steps to ensure:
  - that the municipality has effective revenue collection systems consistent with Section 95 of the Municipal Systems Act 2000 and the municipality's credit control and debt collection policies;
  - ii. that revenues due to the municipality are calculated on a monthly basis;
  - that accounts for municipal taxes and charges for municipal services are prepared on a monthly basis, or less often as may be prescribed where monthly accounts are uneconomical;
- iv. that all moneys received are promptly deposited in accordance with the requirements of the present Act, into the municipality's primary and other bank accounts;
- v. that the municipality has and maintains a management, accounting and information system which recognises revenues when they are due, accounts for debtors, and accounts for receipts of revenues;

- vi. that the municipality has and maintains a system of internal control in respect of debtors and revenues, as may be prescribed;
- vii. that the municipality charges interest on arrears, accept where the council has granted exemptions in accordance with its budget related policies and within a prescribed framework; and
- viii. that all revenues received by the municipality, including revenues received by any collecting agent on its behalf, are reconciled at least on a weekly basis.

The accounting officer must immediately inform the national treasury of any payments due by an organ of state to the municipality in respect of municipal taxes or for municipal services, if such payments are regularly in arrears for periods of more than 30 days.

#### NOTE: SECTION 164: FORBIDDEN ACTIVITIES

a) Section 164(1)(c) lists as a forbidden activity the making by a municipality of loans to councillors or officials of a municipality, directors or officials of any municipal entity, and members of the public. It has been assumed for purposes of compiling the credit control and debt collection policy that allowing any party to pay off arrears of rates and municipal service charges is not tantamount to the making of a loan in terms of Section 164.

# SECTION IV: LOCAL GOVERNMENT: MUNICIPAL PROPERTY RATES ACT NO. 6 OF 2004

# SECTION 28: RECOVERY OF RATES IN ARREARS FROM TENANTS AND OCCUPIERS

- a) If the rates owed by a property owner are unpaid by due date, the municipality may recover such rates, either in whole or in part, from any tenant or occupier of the property concerned.
- b) However, the tenant or occupier of the property must first be given written notice of the municipality's intentions, and the amount which the municipality may recover is limited to the amount of rent and other moneys due and unpaid by the tenant or occupier to the property owner concerned.

# SECTION 27: RECOVERY OF RATES FROM AGENTS

- a) If it is more convenient for the municipality to do so, it may recover the rates due on a property, either in whole or in part, from the agent of the property owner concerned.
- b) However, the agent must first be given written notice of the municipality's intention, and the amount the municipality may recover is limited to the amount of any rent and other moneys received by the agent on behalf of such property owner, less any commission due to the agent.

# PART 28 POLICY IMPLEMENTATION:

The policy will be implemented retrospectively (with the exception of interest rates) aligned to the term of council.